CITY OF FORT BRAGG FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

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Listing of City Officials June 30, 2008

Council Member	<u>Position</u>	Term Expires
Doug Hammerstone	Mayor	December 2008
Dave Turner	Mayor Pro Tempore	December 2010
Dan Gjerde	Member	December 2010
Meg Courtney	Member	December 2010
Jere Melo	Member	December 2008

City Manager Linda Ruffing

Finance Director
Patricia Frost

<u>City Clerk</u> Cynthia VanWormer





Stephen B. Norman, CPA • PFS Stephen J. Herr, CPA Kerry A. Webber, CPA James L. Duckett, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Fort Bragg Fort Bragg, California 95437

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Fort Bragg, California, (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Fort Bragg's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The City has not maintained historical cost records of its capital assets as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Due to the nature of the City's records, we were unable to satisfy ourselves as to the cost of recorded capital assets by means of other auditing procedures.

In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we audited capital assets, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Fort Bragg as of June 30, 2008, and the respective change in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2009, on our consideration of the City of Fort Bragg's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information on pages 3 through 9 and 38 through 40, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consist principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Fort Bragg's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining fund financial statements are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Davis Hammon & Co.

January 21, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This is management's discussion and analysis of the City of Fort Bragg's financial activities and performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Please read this in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this discussion and analysis.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets shows the City's total assets to be \$39.8 million, total liabilities of \$14.6 million and total net assets to be \$25.2 million.

Expenses for all activities were \$10.8 million. Netting out associated program revenues such as charges for services resulted in net expenses of \$3.2 million. Taxes and other general revenues and transfers were \$7.3 million, thereby resulting in a final increase in net assets of \$4.1 million.

Fund Financial Statements

The Total Governmental Funds balance sheet shows assets of \$10.8 million, liabilities of \$2.1 million, and fund balance of \$8.7 million.

The City's core general governmental operations are accounted for in the General Fund, and the General Fund balance is a key measure of the financial health of the City. As of June 30, 2008, the unreserved, undesignated General Fund balance was \$2.1 million, versus \$2.0 million as of June 30, 2007. The City Council has adopted a budget principal that this unreserved, undesignated General Fund balance must be maintained at a minimum level of 15% of the General Fund operating budget, currently at a level of some \$1.3 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or diminishing.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event causing the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses may be reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as property taxes assessed but not collected by June 30 and interest expenses accrued but not paid.

Fund Financial Statements

A Fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other government entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Funds of government entities can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of these resources available for spending. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds, which for financial reporting, are grouped according to their type (general fund, special revenue, capital projects, and debt service). Funds whose expenditures exceed 10% of the total expenditures for all governmental funds, or meet other specific criteria for determining their importance to the financial statement user, are designated Major Funds and are reported separately in the governmental funds statements. All other funds are grouped together as Non-Major Funds for reporting purposes. The City's Major governmental funds are:

- General Fund
- Redevelopment Agency Project Area Fund
- ADA Curbs and Gutters Fund
- Franklin Street Reconstruction Fund
- Rubberized Chip Seal Fund

Individual fund data for each non-major governmental fund is provided in combining statements, included in the Combining Fund Financial Statements and Other Supplementary Information section of the report. Reconciliations of Governmental Funds financial statements to Government-Wide Funds financial statements are provided.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds generally account for services for which customer fees are intended to finance the costs of operations and can include enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The City accounts for the construction and maintenance of City waterworks in the Water Enterprise Fund. Water use rates and fees are set by the City Council to recover actual costs of operating and maintaining the system and generated \$1.9 million. Rates and fees were adjusted by the City Council effective May 1, 2006.

The Water Enterprise Fund's Total Assets were \$9.1 million, Total Liabilities were \$6.6 million and Total Net Assets were \$2.5 million. Net operating income was \$288,569 before non-operating expenses and transfers. Reconciling operating income to a cash basis (primarily adjusting out non-cash depreciation and amortization) resulted in \$549,052 net cash provided by operating activities.

Financial activities of the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District's sewer system serving the City are reported in the Wastewater Enterprise Fund (see also separate audited financial statements of MID #1). Sewer service rates and fees are set by the City Council sitting as the District's Board of Directors to recover actual costs of operating and maintaining the system and generated \$1.5 million. Rates and fees were adjusted effective May 1, 2006.

The Wastewater Enterprise Fund's Total Assets were \$7.2 million. Total Liabilities were \$1.5 million and Total Net Assets were \$5.7 million. Net Operating Income was a loss of \$327,002 and Non-Operating Income of \$37,502. Net

transfers of \$383,843 resulted in an increase in Net Assets of \$94,343. Reconciling operating income to a cash basis (primarily adjusting out non-cash depreciation and amortization) resulted in \$50,874 net cash used by operating activities.

The City did not have any internal service or fiduciary funds for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

This report presents supplementary information concerning the General Fund, Redevelopment Agency Project Area, ADA Curbs and Gutters Special Revenue Fund, and funding status for Public Employees Retirement System.

Actual General Fund Revenues were \$298,211 more than budgeted, a variation of about 5.4%. Actual General Fund Expenditures were \$507,721 less than budgeted, a variation of about 8.2%. Revenues exceeded Expenditures by \$137,746. With transfers from and to other funds, the net change in fund balance was a \$157,225 decrease.

The Redevelopment Agency Project Area Fund Balance increased \$72,687 due mainly to expenditures less than budgeted. The ADA Curbs and Gutters Special Revenue Fund, fund balance decreased by \$134,651.

The City participates in three California Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS") plans for Safety Police, Safety Fire (one employee) and Miscellaneous for all non-safety personnel (See Note 4 D). There are unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) in each plan as of June 30, 2005, the most recently available data from PERS. A key indicator of overall plan status is the "funded ratio" which measures as a percentage the value of assets to accrued liabilities. The combined contribution rate as a percent of salary consists of an employer portion and an employee portion, which is currently paid by the City.

CALPERS STATUS AS OF JUNE 30, 2005

<u>Plan</u>	<u>UAAL</u>	FUNDED RATIO	CONTRIBUTION RATE
Miscellaneous	\$302,747,651	89.5%	15.984%
Safety Police	\$ 95,888,630	87.1%	34.292%
Safety Fire	\$ 21,551,361	94.2%	22.578%

Combining Fund Financial Statements

Non-major governmental funds include Special Revenue, 2004 RDA Bonds Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. Special Revenue Fund Balances above \$100,000 were:

•	General Plan Maintenance Fee	\$150,972
•	Asset Seizure	\$193,366
•	CDBG Program Income	\$202,509
•	RDA Low & Moderate Income Housing	\$1,345,892
•	Proposition 1B Street Funding	\$400,000

Special Revenue Funds with revenues or expenditures/net transfers above \$100,000 were:

Revenues	Expenditures/ Net Transfers
\$149,882	\$412,612
\$148,958	
\$837,927	
\$100,750	
\$142,872	\$131,674
\$328,617	\$246,587
\$154,289	\$107,633
\$400,000	
	\$149,882 \$148,958 \$837,927 \$100,750 \$142,872 \$328,617 \$154,289

^{*} The City has approved a one-half cent use tax starting in 2005 for 10 years to fund designated street repairs, effectively increasing the combined sales and use tax rate from 7.25% to 7.75%.

Summary of Statement of Net Assets

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business Type Activities		Tot	al	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	9,873,775 14,546,428 24,420,203	12,506,908 9,542,179 22,049,087	4,159,371 11,276,305 15,435,676	5,960,842 9,967,618 15,928,460	14,033,146 25,822,733 39,855,879	18,467,750 19,509,797 37,977,547	
Current and other liabilities	1,069,037	1,531,743	314,462	609,926	1,383,499	2,141,669	
Non-current liabilities	6,345,013	6,457,051	6,934,288	7,403,349	13,279,301	13,860,400	
Total Liabilities	7,414,050	7,988,794	7,248,750	8,013,275	14,662,800	16,002,069	
Net Assets: Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	8,521,789	5,356,094	6,030,275	5,460,174	14,552,064	10,816,268	
Restricted For:							
Debt Service Other Purposes	313,595	313,531	35,000	35,000	313,595 35,000	313,531 35,000	
Unrestricted	8,170,769	7,390,668	2,121,651	2,420,011	10,292,420	9,810,679	
Total Net Assets	17,006,153	13,060,293	8,186,926	7,915,185	25,193,079	20,975,478	

Changes in Net Assets

	Governmenta		Business Type		Tot	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:					. =	
Charges for services	1,280,963	1,212,696	3,429,726	3,361,020	4,710,689	4,573,716
Operating grants and						
Contributions	695,359	410,224			695,359	410,224
Capital grants and						
Contributions	2,279,124	2,074,631			2,279,124	2,074,631
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	2,328,377	2,476,511	67,733	54,672	2,396,110	2,531,183
Other taxes	4,690,545	4,491,129			4,690,545	4,491,129
Intergovernmental						
revenue not restricted						
to specific programs	0	0	0	481,563	0	481,563
Unrestricted						
Investment Earnings	105,910	119,452	131,776	156,180	237,686	275,632
Total Revenues	11,380,278	10,784,643	3,629,235	4,053,435	15,009,513	14,838,078
Expenses:						
General Government	1,591,676	1,693,009			1,591,676	1,693,009
Public Safety	3,332,057	3,071,090			3,332,057	3,071,090
Public Works	970,273	912,046			970,273	912,046
Planning	299,947	339,670			299,947	339,670
Community Develop.	567,443	1,134,337			567,443	1,134,337
Shared Expenses	29,122	601,014			29,122	601,014
Interest and Fiscal						
Charges	324,743	325,831			324,743	325,831
Water			1,898,749	1,793,795	1,898,749	1,793,795
Wastewater			1,864,575	1,791,873	1,864,575	1,791,873
Total Expenses	7,115,261	8,076,997	3,763,324	3,585,668	10,878,585	11,662,665
-	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Increase (decrease) in						
Net Assets Before	4,265,017	2,707,646	-134,089	467,767	4,130,928	3,175,413
Transfers						
Transfers	-319,158	(10,824)	319,158	10,824	0	0
CI	2045.050	2 (0 (022	107.060	450.501	4 120 020	2 177 112
Change in Net Assets	3,945,859	2,696,822	185,069	478,591	4,130,928	3,175,413
Net Assets - beginning						
of year	13,060,294	10,363,471	7,915,185	7,436,594	20,975,479	17,800,065
Prior Period Adjustments	-,,		86,672	,,	86,672	. , ,
Net Assets, June 30	17,006,153	13,060,293	8,186,926	7,915,185	25,193,079	20,975,478

Schedule of Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities 2008 2007		Business Type	e Activities	Total				
			2008	2007	2008	2007			
Land	2,945,227	2,945,227	285,079	285,078	3,230,306	3,230,305			
Buildings	1,313,187	1,412,754	2,250,340	2,058,796	3,563,527	3,471,550			
Equipment and	491,235	406,149	4,297,136	3,686,775	4,788,371	4,092,924			
Improvements									
Utility Plant			4,443,750	3,667,578	4,443,750	3,667,578			
Infrastructure	9,626,339	4,200,777			9,626,339	4,200,777			
Construction in	170,440	2,542,001	0	269,391	170,440	2,811,392			
Progress									
	14,546,428	11,506,908	11,276,305	9,967,618	25,822,733	21,474,526			

Major capital projects completed or nearing completion at fiscal year end include:

- Phase II Franklin Street Improvements
- The Business District Alley Paving Project
- The Headworks Screen Project
- The Municipal Lab at the Treatment Plant
- The ADA Curb, Ramp & Sidewalk Infill Project

Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities		Business Type	e Activities	Total				
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007			
Bonds Payable	4,365,277	4,431,298	4,043,541	4,287,707	8,408,818	8,719,005			
Loans Payable			1,908,722	2,034,456	1,908,722	2,034,456			
Capital Leases	1,705,174	1,515,018	1,789,778	1,081,186	3,494,952	2,596,204			
Other	510,736	510,736				510,736			
	6,581,187	6,457,052	7,742,041	7,403,349	13,812,492	13,860,401			

The City refinanced \$1,785,000 of 1995 Certificates of Participation by entering into a \$1.655,035 financing lease with WestAmerica Bank. This financing was structured to reduce future General Fund payments resulting in net savings of \$453,465 with a present value at 4.15% of \$322,037. This financing was obtained by competitive solicitation to three commercial banks and was not rated.

The City also drew down proceeds of a \$2,325,500 twenty year zero interest loan from the State Resources Agency/Department of Water Resources to fund water capital improvements in FY04/05 and FY05/06. Water rates and fees were increased effective May 1, 2006 to cover debt service payments commencing in FY06/07. A utility rate analysis is currently in process in order to provide management with the necessary rate information to maintain debt coverage pledges.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City's two largest revenue sources are sales tax (\$1.7 mil.) and the transient occupancy tax (\$1.5 mil.). TOT revenue levels have remained consistent even with the loss of one motel in the area that was forced to close due to a fire. The motel may be reconstructed sometime in the future, but in the meantime it appears that other motels in the area are successfully absorbing the difference. While Sales Tax receipts have spiked upward in prior fiscal years, the current trend of declining receipts follows that of most other regions in northern California.

The City will continue to take a conservative approach in estimating future tax revenues, particularly those received from the State of California, as the current State budget crisis continues.

The Georgia Pacific Corporation closed operations of a major lumber mill in late 2002 and must complete remediation processes prior to resale of the 430 acre site. The mill was formerly the largest property tax payer and employer in the City of Fort Bragg. The City is actively involved in planning efforts for the redevelopment of the site which is expected to continue for the next 8-10 years.

The City's budget process once again continues development with restricted increases in budgeted positions and the use of fiscal restraint in order to attempt to place a hold on increasing expenditures. This is difficult at best, particularly in the area of employee benefits, where multiple factors outside of the City's control continue to cause rising costs. A four year Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Fort Bragg Police Association went into effect January 1, 2008. Additionally, a four year Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) was approved by the Service Employees International Union Local 707 union members and went into effect July 1, 2008.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and government regulators with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Additional information may be found on our website at www.fortbragg.com. Below is the contact address for questions about the report or requests for additional financial information.

City of Fort Bragg Patricia Frost, Finance Director 416 N. Franklin St. Fort Bragg, CA 95437 707-961-2825

CITY OF FORT BRAGG STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	 overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>	 	_	_
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,428,496	\$ 3,241,523	\$ 9,670,019
Cash With Fiscal Agent:			
Restricted	313,595	107,206	420,801
Receivables	2,736,652	606,673	3,343,325
Loans Receivable	222,053		222,053
Internal Balances	42,691	(42,691)	
Inventory		86,672	86,672
Noncurrent Assets:			
Deferred Charges	130,288	159,988	290,276
Capital Assets:			
Nondepreciable	3,115,667	285,079	3,400,746
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation)	 11,430,761	 10,991,226	22,421,987
Total Assets	24,420,203	15,435,676	39,855,879
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	775,608	130,912	906,520
Deposits Payable and Deferred Revenue	28,701	128,274	156,975
Deferred Loans Revenue	222,053		222,053
Accrued Interest Payable	42,675	55,276	97,951
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	266,280	444,934	711,214
Due In More Than One Year	6,078,733	6,489,354	12,568,087
Total Liabilities	 7,414,050	 7,248,750	 14,662,800
NET ASSETS			
Invested In Capital Assets (net of related debt)	8,521,789	6,030,275	14,552,064
Restricted For:			
Debt Service	313,595		313,595
Other Purposes		35,000	35,000
Unrestricted	 8,170,769	2,121,651	10,292,420
Total Net Assets	\$ 17,006,153	\$ 8,186,926	\$ 25,193,079

CITY OF FORT BRAGG STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Program Revenues

Net (Expense) Revenue And
Change In Net Assets

			Program Revenue	; 5	C	nange in Net Asse	15
	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Planning Community Development Shared Expenditures Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 1,591,676 3,332,057 970,273 299,947 567,443 29,122 324,743	\$ 724,161 209,690 100,670 139,701 106,741	\$ 250,362 134,765 9,955 300,277	\$ 453 2,107,204 171,467	\$ (867,515) (2,872,005) (734,385) 1,956,913 11,042 (29,122) (324,743)		\$ (867,515) (2,872,005) (734,385) 1,956,913 11,042 (29,122) (324,743)
Total Governmental Activities	7,115,261	1,280,963	695,359	2,279,124	(2,859,815)		(2,859,815)
Business-Type Activities: Water Wastewater	1,898,749 1,864,575	1,925,005 1,504,721				26,256 (359,854)	26,256 (359,854)
Total Business-Type Activities	3,763,324	3,429,726				(333,598)	(333,598)
Total	\$ 10,878,585	\$ 4,710,689	\$ 695,359	\$ 2,279,124	(2,859,815)	(333,598)	(3,193,413)
	General Revenue Taxes: Property Sales Transient Oc Franchise Business Lic Other Unrestricted In	ccupancy	g s		2,328,377 2,544,617 1,552,995 278,409 206,047 108,477 105,910 (319,158)	67,733 131,776 319,158	2,396,110 2,544,617 1,552,995 278,409 206,047 108,477 237,686
	Total General Ro	evenues and Tran	sfers		6,805,674	518,667	7,324,341
	Change In Net A	Assets		3,945,859	185,069	4,130,928	
		*	statement of Invent	13,060,294	7,915,185 86,672 8,001,857	20,975,479 86,672 21,062,151	
	Net Assets, June	•			\$ 17,006,153	\$ 8,186,926	\$ 25,193,079
The notes to the financial statements are a	n intogral part of this	ctatomont					Page 11

CITY OF FORT BRAGG BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		General	Redevelopment Agency Project al Area		Agency Project Curbs and				Rubberized Chip Seal		Other evernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and Investments Cash and Investments With Fiscal Agent	\$	895,289	\$	787,892			\$	284,802	\$	1,499,999	\$	2,960,514 313,595	\$	6,428,496 313,595
Receivables: Taxes Accounts Grants		836,526		89,741 1,557	\$	953,291						54,331 517,681 246,614		144,072 1,355,764 1,199,905
Interest Loans Due From Other Funds		5,406 1,059,303		6,699 42,692	Ф	955,291						24,806 222,053		36,911 222,053 1,101,995
Total Assets	•	2,796,524	\$	928,581	\$	953,291	\$	284,802	_	1,499,999	\$	4,339,594	\$	10,802,791
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Contract Retentions Deposits Payable and Deferred Revenue Deferred Loan Revenue Due To Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	483,625 28,701 512,326	\$	1,160 6,331 7,491	\$	75,415 103,143 889,104 1,067,662	\$	49,878 2,484 52,362	\$	408	\$	53,164 222,053 170,200 445,417	\$	663,650 111,958 28,701 222,053 1,059,304 2,085,666
Fund Balance: Reserved Unreserved: Designated Unreserved - Undesignated, Reported In: General Fund Special Revenue Funds		46,376 73,112 2,164,710		11,182		(114,371)		7,971				2,139,670 230,382 907,729		2,205,199 303,494 2,164,710 1,703,266
Capital Projects Funds						(114,371)		224,469		1,499,591		616,396		2,340,456
Total Fund Balance		2,284,198		921,090		(114,371)		232,440	_	1,499,591		3,894,177		8,717,125
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	2,796,524	\$	928,581	\$	953,291	\$	284,802	\$	1,499,999	\$	4,339,594	\$	10,802,791

CITY OF FORT BRAGG RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total Fund Balances		\$ 8,717,125
Deferred charges represent costs associated with the issuance of long-term debt which are deferred and amortized over the period which the debt is outstanding. The costs are reported as expenditures on the current period in the governmental funds: 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds 2005 WestAmerica Lease - Landfill Closure	\$ 98,246 32,042	130,288
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 18,028,476 (3,482,048)	14,546,428
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds Less: Original Issue Discount (will be amortized) 2005 WestAmerica Lease - Landfill Closure Capital Lease Obligations Refunding Loss (will be amortized): 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds 2005 WestAmerica Lease - Landfill Closure Liability For Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs Accrued interest payable Compensated absences	\$ (4,480,000) 92,382 (1,383,705) (160,934) 22,341 79,155 (185,059) (42,675) (329,193)	(6,387,688)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	 	\$ 17,006,153

CITY OF FORT BRAGG STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>REVENUES</u>	General	Redevelopment Agency Project Area		Franklin Street Reconstruction	Rubberized Chip Seal	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes: Property Sales Transient Occupancy Franchise Business License	\$ 910,410 1,724,749 1,552,995 278,409 206,047	\$ 1,134,373				\$ 283,594 819,868	\$ 2,328,377 2,544,617 1,552,995 278,409 206,047
Other Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental	25,646 22,214 88,458 186,153	31,174	\$ 953,291	\$ 37,373 686,000	\$ 16,741	108,477 28,599 163,728 164,587 1,137,472	108,477 54,245 185,942 338,333 2,962,916
Charges for Services Other Revenue	267,584 540,648	10	490		400	10,788	279,262 540,658
Total Revenues	5,803,313	1,165,557	953,781	723,373	17,141	2,717,113	11,380,278
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Public Safety Public Works Planning Community Development Shared Expenditures Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Capital Outlay	1,558,654 3,099,879 300,109 297,069 140,405 67,663 201,788	270,766 29,122 45,291	1,088,432	1,835,980	789	74,406 487,788 296,677 70,000 242,205 236,772	1,562,443 3,174,285 787,897 297,069 567,443 29,122 210,405 309,868 3,408,263
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	5,665,567 137,746	345,179 820,378	1,088,432	1,838,980 (1,115,607)	789 16,352	1,407,848 1,309,265	1,033,483
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Capital Lease Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	84,229 999,382 (1,378,582) (294,971)	25,000 (772,691) (747,691)		350,000 (510,000) (160,000)	750,000 (52,287) 697,713	2,688,085 (2,418,065) 270,020	84,229 4,812,467 (5,131,625) (234,929)
Net Change In Fund Balances	(157,225)	72,687	(134,651)	(1,275,607)	714,065	1,579,285	798,554
Fund Balance, July 1	2,441,423	848,403	20,280	1,508,047	785,526	2,314,892	7,918,571
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,284,198	\$ 921,090	\$ (114,371)	\$ 232,440	\$ 1,499,591	\$ 3,894,177	\$ 8,717,125

CITY OF FORT BRAGG RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	798,554
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 3,408,263 (368,743)		3,039,520
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while payment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Proceeds from Capital Lease Principal repayments: 2004 RDA Bonds 2005 WestAmerica Lease - Landfill Closure Capital Lease - Police vehicles	\$ 70,000 134,838 52,999		173,608
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Accrued interest Amortization of issuance costs Amortization of bond discount	\$ (50,948) 1,841 (6,095) (3,204)		
Amortization of refunding loss	 (7,417)	_	(65,823)
Change In Net Assets Of Governmental Activities		\$	3,945,859

CITY OF FORT BRAGG STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Water	Wastewater	Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments Cash With Fiscal Agent Receivables:	\$ 2,971,67 107,18		\$ 3,241,523 107,206	
Accounts (net) Interest	313,29 26,71	6	579,957 26,716	
Due From Other Funds Inventory	764,75 74,27		764,758 86,672	
Total Current Assets	4,257,90	548,927	4,806,832	
Noncurrent Assets: Debt Issuance Costs (net)	127,04	.0 32,948	159,988	
Total Noncurrent Assets	127,04	0 32,948	159,988	
Capital Assets: Nondepreciable Depreciable Accumulated Depreciation	216,07 9,497,10 (5,015,33	11,785,319	285,079 21,282,427 (10,291,201)	
Total Capital Assets (Net)	4,697,85	6,578,454	11,276,305	
Total Assets	9,082,79	7,160,329	16,243,125	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	35,86	33,252	69,117	
Accrued Compensated Absences	91	,	61,795	
Accrued Interest Payable Customer Deposits	46,41 117,88		55,276 117,883	
Deferred Revenues	8,16		10,391	
Due To Other Funds		764,758	764,758	
Advances From Other Funds	204.40	42,691	42,691	
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	391,46	53,466	444,934	
Total Current Liabilities	600,70	966,139	1,566,845	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Capital Lease Obligation 1998A Bonds 2004 Water Bonds DWR Safe Drinking Water Loan	838,35 3,354,64 1,801,64	455,000 ·0	878,069 455,000 3,354,640 1,801,645	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,994,64		6,489,354	
Total Liabilities	6,595,34		8,056,199	
NET ASSETS	0,000,01	1,400,002	0,000,100	
Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt) Restricted for Wastewater Fine		6,030,275 35,000	6,030,275 35,000	
Unrestricted	2,487,44		2,121,651	
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,487,44	9 \$ 5,699,477	\$ 8,186,926	

CITY OF FORT BRAGG STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Water	W	astewater		Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 1,914,095	\$	1,502,090	\$	3,416,185
Total Operating Revenues	1,914,095		1,502,090		3,416,185
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services Administration Supplies and Materials Insurance Outside Contractors Maintenance Utilities Depreciation and Amortization Total Operating Expenses Net Operating Income	725,943 228,760 181,002 8,428 87,460 73,689 35,677 284,567 1,625,526 288,569		1,116,407 112,149 178,276 22,127 46,162 39,235 21,473 293,263 1,829,092 (327,002)		1,842,350 340,909 359,278 30,555 133,622 112,924 57,150 577,830 3,454,618
Nonoperating Income (Expenses): Taxes Investment Earnings Other Nonoperating Revenue Interest and Other Charges	129,155 10,910 (273,223)		67,733 2,621 2,631 (35,483)		(38,433) 67,733 131,776 13,541 (308,706)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(133,158)		37,502		(95,656)
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	155,411		(289,500)		(134,089)
Transfers In Transfers Out	494,244 (558,929)		636,222 (252,379)	,	1,130,466 (811,308)
Change In Net Assets	90,726		94,343		185,069
Net Assets, July 1, as previously reported Prior Period Adjustment - Understatement of Inventory	2,322,445 74,278		5,592,740 12,394		7,915,185 86,672
Net Assets, July 1, as restated Net Assets, June 30	\$ 2,396,723 2,487,449	\$	5,605,134 5,699,477	\$	8,001,857 8,186,926

CITY OF FORT BRAGG STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Water	<u> w</u>	/astewater		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Receipts From Customers and Users Payments to Employees Payments to Suppliers	\$	1,924,150 (726,796) (648,302)	\$	1,474,949 (1,110,536) (415,287)	\$	3,399,099 (1,837,332) (1,063,589)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		549,052		(50,874)		498,178
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Taxes Intergovernmental Other Nonoperating Revenue Due From Other Funds Transfers Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities	_	10,910 1,696,027 (64,685) 1,642,252	_	69,462 232,728 2,631 438,311 383,843 1,126,975	_	69,462 232,728 13,541 2,134,338 319,158
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Interest and Other Charges Principal Payments on Capital Lease Principal Payments on Safe Drinking Water Loan Principal Payments on Bonds Principal Payments on COP's Capital Expenditures Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital And Related Financing Activities	_	(272,392) (81,662) (125,734) (195,000) (1,081,487) (1,756,275)		(35,814) (17,500) (85,000) (695,219) (833,533)	_	(308,206) (99,162) (125,734) (85,000) (195,000) (1,776,706) (2,589,808)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest on Investments		102,439		2,621		105,060
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		102,439		2,621		105,060
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash		537,468		245,189		782,657
Cash Balance, July 1		2,541,392		24,680		2,566,072
Cash Balance, June 30	\$	3,078,860	\$	269,869	\$	3,348,729
Cash Balances Reported on Statement of Net Assets as: Cash and Investments Cash With Fiscal Agent	\$	2,971,671 107,189	\$	269,852 17	\$	3,241,523 107,206
Cash Balance, June 30	\$	3,078,860	\$	269,869	\$	3,348,729
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used):	\$	288,569	\$	(327,002)	\$	(38,433)
Depreciation and Amortization		284,567		293,263		577,830
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in Receivables Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		16,184 (11,719) (28,549)		(27,141) 4,135 5,871		(10,957) (7,584) (22,678)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	549,052	\$	(50,874)	\$	498,178
Noncash Transactions: Amortized Debt Issues Costs Amortized Debt Issues Premium Amortized Deferred Refunding Loss	\$	8,331 3,901 39,735	\$	3,214	\$	11,545 3,901 39,735

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Fort Bragg (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant principles are described below.

A) Description of the Reporting Entity

The City of Fort Bragg was incorporated August 5, 1889, under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. The City operates under a Council–City Manager form of government and provides a variety of services including public safety (police and fire); streets and highways; wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal; water treatment; planning and zoning; public improvement and redevelopment; and general administrative services. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations. The City has no component units that require discrete presentation.

Blended Component Units

Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency (Agency) – The Agency was established under the provisions of Community Redevelopment Law §33000 of California Health and Safety Code. The Agency is governed by a Commission comprised of the members of the Fort Bragg City Council. The Agency's boundaries are within Fort Bragg's city limits and activities of the Agency benefit the citizens of Fort Bragg. The activities of the Agency are reported in the City's special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds.

Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District No. 1 (District) – The District includes all of the funds and operations for the City's wastewater collection and treatment processes. The District is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of the members to the Fort Bragg City Council. The City of Fort Bragg exercises significant financial and management control over the District. The activities of the District are reported as a major enterprise fund within the City's financial statements.

Complete financial statements of the Agency and District can be obtained directly from the City of Fort Bragg, 416 N. Franklin St., Fort Bragg, CA 95437.

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information of all the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of Interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and user charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate *fund financial statements* are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City does not have any activities required to be reported in fiduciary funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary funds financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Redevelopment Agency Project Area Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for the general and administrative activities of the Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency.

<u>ADA Curbs and Gutters Fund</u> – This special revenue fund is used to account for grant funds granted to the City for the installation of ADA compliant curbs and gutters.

<u>Franklin Street Reconstruction Fund</u> – This capital projects fund is used to account for the financing and costs associated with improvements made to Franklin Street.

Rubberized Chip Seal Fund – This capital projects fund is used to account for the financing and costs associated with chip sealing the roads in the City.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> – This enterprise fund accounts for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations.

<u>Wastewater Fund</u> – This enterprise fund accounts for the activities of the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District No. 1 which provides the City's wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's proprietary fund functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the City's water and wastewater funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the water and wastewater funds include the personnel cost; administration; supplies and materials; insurance; outside contractors; maintenance; utilities; and depreciation and amortization. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

E) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1) Cash and Investments

Investments for the City and its component units are reported at fair value.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2) Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of Interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of Interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

The City has not recorded any allowance for uncollectible accounts. Management has determined that uncollectible receivables, if any, would be immaterial based on an analysis of historical trends.

Property taxes for the current year were attached as an enforceable lien as of January 1, 2007, and were levied on July 1, 2007. Taxes are due in two equal installments on November 1 and February 1. The City relies on the competency of the County of Mendocino Assessor's (County) office to properly assess, collect, and distribute property taxes. The method of allocation used by the County is subject to review by the State of California. The City and the County have adopted the Alternative Method of Tax Apportionment – Teeter Plan.

The City makes economic development, housing rehabilitation, and redevelopment loans to individuals and businesses. These long-term loans are carried as assets of the governmental funds making the loans with a corresponding offset to deferred revenue. Loans receivable at June 30, 2008, were \$222.053.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

3) Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at lower of cost(first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory for the year ended June 30, 2008 was \$86,672 and was the first year a physical inventory count was conducted.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4) Restricted Assets

Certain cash and investments in the City's 2004 RDA Bond Debt Service Fund, Water Fund, and Wastewater Fund are held by the City's fiscal agents and classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because their use is limited by applicable bond or other covenants.

5) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. However, the City has not maintained detailed historical capital asset records to support the amounts presented on the statement of net assets as required by GAAP.

As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34 (GASB-34), the City has begun prospective reporting of infrastructure assets acquired or constructed during the current fiscal period. During the current fiscal period, infrastructure projects that were incomplete are reported as "construction in progress."

Interest is capitalized on construction of major assets acquired with debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. For the year ended June 30, 2008, there were no projects meeting the criteria for interest capitalization.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method using the following useful lives:

V----

	rears
Buildings	40 - 75 years
Infrastructure	10 - 50 years
Utility plant	10 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 40 years

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

6) Compensated Absences

Earned vacation and a portion of accumulated sick-leave payable upon termination or retirement are accrued as compensated absences. The accrual includes the City's share of payroll taxes. Regular employees earn vacation hours based on the number of years of continuous service. No more than 240 hours (340 hours after 10 years of continuous service) may be accumulated. Also, regular employees are given credit for eight (8) hours sick-leave for each month of employment with unlimited accumulation. Each employee who has two or more years of service with the City and who separates from City service for any reason, except discharge for cause, is entitled to payment of the monetary equivalent of 30% of unused sick-leave accrued to a maximum of 1,000 hours.

All costs for compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only when the amounts have matured (such as vacation time estimated to be paid upon retirement in the next fiscal year with available expendable financial resources).

7) Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of assets. Long-term debt issue discounts and premiums, as well as issue costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method, which is not materially different from the effective interest method. Bonds payable and installment obligations are reported net of the unamortized discounts and premiums. Debt issue costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

8) Fund Equity

The City's government-wide financial statements report net assets consisting of the following components:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This amount is comprised of total capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted Net Assets – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Assets – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designated fund balances represent tentative management plans for future use of financial resources and are subject to change.

9) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

2) Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A) Budgetary Information

The City Council follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- Before the end of each fiscal year, the City Manager and Finance Director prepare and submit to the
 City Council a proposed budget for the subsequent fiscal year. The budget includes proposed
 expenditures and the means for financing them. Budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with
 GAAP.
- The City Council reviews the proposed budget in public hearings which provides interested citizens opportunity to comment. The Council may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.
- Prior to July 1, or soon after, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council through resolution.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations and transfers totaling \$8,738,832 were necessary citywide.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reapportioned and honored during the subsequent year.

B) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following special revenue funds for which budgets were adopted:

Downtown Revitalization Project	\$ (586)
OJP Vest Partnership Grant	(71)
Police Asset Seizure Revenue	(37,266)

These over-expenditures are expected to be funded by available fund balance.

C) Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2008. These deficits were primarily caused by expenditures in excess of grant awards or overages in construction projects which will be funded by future revenue flows. Management is monitoring each funds' activities to ensure improved financial position. The deficits do not represent a significant financial burden.

114 371

Special Revenue Funds:	
ADA Curbs and Gutters	

ABA Garbo and Gattero	Ψ	111,011
Coastal Conservancy Grant		33,956
Skate Park Project		111
Coastal Trail CalTrans Grant		813
CDBG Economic Development Allocation		222

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds

A) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets: Cash and investments Restricted cash with fiscal agent	\$ 9,670,019 420,801
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 10,090,820
Cash and investments consist of the following:	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,998
Deposits with financial institutions Investments:	977,500
Local Agency Investment Fund	8,690,521
Fiscal agents	 420,801
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 10,090,820

Interest earned on the City's pooled deposits and investments is allocated to the various funds based upon the average quarterly balances.

Authorized Investments – Investment Policy

The City's investment policy states investments can not have a stated maturity greater than five (5) years beyond the date of purchase. The table below identifies the types of investments that are authorized by the City's investment policy:

Authorized Investment Type

- Local Agency Investment Fund (California State Treasurer)
- Securities of the U.S. Treasury and Government Agencies
- Repurchase agreements and security lending agreements for U.S. Treasury and Government Agency obligations
- Certificates of deposit (FDIC insured)
- Money market mutual funds holding only U.S.
 Treasury and Government Agency obligations and cash
- Bankers' acceptances
- Commercial paper rated A-1 (S&P), P-1 (Moody's) and F-1 (Finch)
- General obligations of any State or local political subdivision rated AA/Aa/AA or higher by two of the following: S&P, Moody's or Fitch

<u>Authorized Investments – Debt Trustee Agreements</u> - Investments held by bond fiscal agents (trustees) are governed by the provisions of the underlying indenture agreements rather than the general provisions of the District's investment policy or California Government Code. Investment agreements, guaranteed investment contracts, and similar instruments will require a corporate guaranty from the provider rated at least AA+ by Standard & Poor's or Aa-1 by Moody's.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B) Cash and Investments (continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2008, the District's investments had no significant exposure to interest rate risk.

Investment Type	Fair Value	12 Months or Less	More Than 60 Months	Weighted Average (Years)
State Investment Pool (LAIF) Held With Fiscal Agent:	\$8,690,521	\$8,690,521		0.42
Money market	107,476	107,476		n/a
Guaranteed investment contract	313,325	313,325	\$313,325	30.83
Total	\$9,111,322	\$9,111,322	\$313,325	1.46

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City does not hold direct investments; therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows deposits to be secured by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

Investment in State Investment Pool

The Local Agency Investment Pool (LAIF) is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. The City may invest up to \$40,000,000 in the fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. Funds deposited in LAIF are invested in accordance with Government Code Sections 16430 and 16480. Oversight of LAIF is provided by the Pooled Money Investment Board whose members are the California State Treasurer, California Director of Finance, and the California State Controller. For the purpose of these financial statements, the fair value of amounts in LAIF is equivalent to the dollars held.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

C) Capital Assets (unaudited)

Governmental capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2007 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,945,227 2,542,001	\$ 1,956,535	\$ 4,328,096	\$ 2,945,227 170,440	
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	5,487,228	1,956,535	4,328,096	3,115,667	
Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	3,723,678 835,096 4,574,211	201,788 5,578,036		3,723,678 1,036,884 10,152,247	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	9,132,985	5,779,824	-	14,912,809	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings Equipment and improvements Infrastructure	(2,310,924) (428,947) (373,434)	(99,567) (116,702) (152,474)		(2,410,491) (545,649) (525,908)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,113,305)	(368,743)		(3,482,048)	
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	6,019,680	5,411,081		11,430,761	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$11,506,908	\$ 7,367,616	\$ 4,328,096	\$ 14,546,428	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 48,870
Public safety	146,949
Public works	 172,924
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 368,743

Business-type capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2007 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 285,079 269,390	\$ 661,139	\$ 930,529	\$ 285,079	
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets:	554,469	661,139	930,529	285,079	
Buildings Utility plant Machinery and equipment	3,775,571 6,392,946 8,958,003	248,102 930,529 977,276		4,023,673 7,323,475 9,935,279	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	19,126,520	2,155,907		21,282,427	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings Utility plant Machinery and equipment	(1,716,775) (2,725,368) (5,271,230)	(56,558) (154,357) (366,913)		(1,773,333) (2,879,725) (5,638,143)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,713,373)	(577,828)		(10,291,201)	
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	9,413,147	1,578,079		10,991,226	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 9,967,616	\$ 2,239,218	\$ 930,529	\$ 11,276,305	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

C) Capital Assets (unaudited) – (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 284,566
Wastewater	293,262
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 577,828

D) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of Interfund balances and transfers within the City's fund financial statements as of June 30, 2008, is as follows:

Due From(To) Other Funds	Due From		Due To
General Fund Redevelopment Agency Project Area	\$ 1,059,303 42,692		
ADA Curbs and Gutters		\$	889,104
Nonmajor special revenue funds:			
Safe Routes To School			25,529
Micro-Enterprise EDBG			7,221
Clean Beaches Grant			56,722
Coastal Conservancy			38,119
CDBG General Allocation Grant			16,980
Coastal Trails CalTrans Grant			812
CDBG Economic Development Allocation Grant			7,662
Nonmajor capital projects funds:			
Bainbridge Park Improvements			17,154
Proprietary Funds:			
Water	764,758		
Waste Water	 		807,450
Total Due To (From) Other Funds	\$ 1,866,753	\$	1,866,753

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

D) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

The following table summarizes the operating transfers made between funds for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Interfund Transfers	<u></u>	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
Major governmental funds:				
General Fund	\$	999,382	\$	1,378,582
Redevelopment Agency Project Area	*	25,000	Ψ.	772,691
Franklin Street Reconstruction		350,000		510,000
Rubberized Chip Seal Project		750,000		52,287
Major business-type funds:		700,000		02,207
Water		494,244		558,929
Wastewater		636,222		252,379
Nonmajor special revenue funds:		000,222		202,010
General Plan Maintenance Fee				16,874
Traffic Congestion		3,375		10,074
Gas Tax		233,350		
Asset Seizure		233,330		15,500
		225 567		15,500
Traffic Safety		225,567		270 402
UDAG Boatyard				279,182
Hospitality/Drainage STBG Grant				89,766
TDA Streets and Roads Allocation		400,000		384
MCOG OWP Reserve Street Safety		160,020		4 4 4 4 500
Special Sales Tax Street		402,267		1,144,526
CDBG Downtown Plan Grant		279,182		440.045
COPS AB 1913 Allocation				140,245
ADA/RCHDC/P&F STBG				115,537
CDBG Program Income		2,278		
Microenterprise EDBG				11,196
Habitat For Humanity/Food Bank CDBG		49,819		47,801
Wastewater Master Plan/Noyo Center PTAA				78
Housing Rehabilitation STBG Grant				9,189
CDBG General Allocation Grants				15,922
CDBG Economic Development Allocation				2,819
Caspar Closure				141,108
Nonmajor debt service funds:				
2004 RDA Bonds Debt Service		562,142		
Nonmajor capital projects funds:				
2004 RDA Bond Proceeds		63,558		155,000
Laurel/Main Signal Install				10,448
Downtown Parking Lots - Resurface		58,000		23,600
Guesthouse Sprinklers				192,957
Pavement Markings				3,375
Bainbridge Tennis/Basketball Court				337
General Capital Projects		629,707		
RDA Capital Projects		16,599		
Bainbridge Bike and Pedestrian Path		406		
Bainbridge Park Improvements				2,221
City Hall Maintenance and Rehabilitation		1,815		
Total Transfers In(Out)	\$	5,942,933	\$	5,942,933

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E) Capital Leases

The City of Fort Bragg has entered into several lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of automatic meter reading equipment, police cars, a sewer-vac truck, and to refinance 1995 Landfill COP's issued to financial landfill closure/post-closure costs. These lease agreements qualify as a capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value for its future minimum lease payments.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Water		W	astewater
Police vehicles	\$	292,542				
Sewer-vac truck			\$	12,580	\$	172,420
Water Meter Reading Equipment				838,499		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(132,007)		(43,325)		(172,420)
	\$	160,535	\$	807,754	\$	

The City's future minimum lease payments and the net present value of future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2008, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Governmental Activities	Water	Wastewater	
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014-2018 2019-2022	\$ 217,826 217,826 170,990 157,358 147,569 590,276 442,707	\$ 128,146 128,146 128,146 126,565 126,565 506,262	\$ 21,443 21,443 21,443	
Total Minimum Lease Payments Less: Amount representing interest Present Value Of Minimum Lease Payments	1,944,552 (399,913) \$ 1,544,639	1,143,830 (219,985) \$ 923,845	64,329 (6,150) \$ 58,179	

F) Long-Term Debt

Additional long-term debt obligations of the City's governmental activities are as follows:

2004 Tax Allocation Bonds. The Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency issued \$4,830,000 in tax allocation bonds for the purpose of refunding \$1,860,000 of outstanding 1993 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds and making funds available for future capital projects. The refunding took advantage of lower interest rates which were available. The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of the old debt, which has been has been deferred in accordance with GASB-23. Deferred amounts for the refunding loss, and the original discount and issue costs associated with the 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds, are being amortized over the life of the 2004 bond issue using the straight-line method.

The 2004 bonds bear annual interest at varying rates between 1.8% and 5.5%. The bonds were issued as a fully registered note in denominations of \$5,000. Interest on bonds became payable commencing May 1, 2004, and semi-annually thereafter each November 1st and May 1st. Principal is paid in annual installments commencing May 1, 2004, through the year 2037 in amounts ranging from \$65,000 through \$295,000.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F) Long-Term Debt (continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable by the 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds are presented on the following schedule:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2009	\$ 70,000	\$ 237,015	\$ 307,015
2010	75,000	234,705	309,705
2011	80,000	232,005	312,005
2012	80,000	228,805	308,805
2013	80,000	225,445	305,445
2014 - 2018	495,000	1,062,620	1,557,620
2019 - 2023	625,000	919,445	1,544,445
2024 - 2028	820,000	732,025	1,552,025
2029 - 2033	1,065,000	482,350	1,547,350
2034 - 2037	1,090,000	154,000	1,244,000
	\$ 4,480,000	\$ 4,508,415	\$ 8,988,415

Caspar Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Cost. The Caspar Landfill site was closed in 1995. State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed, and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. These costs are shared equally by the City and County of Mendocino. At June 30, 2008, the City's estimated liability for its share of landfill closure and postclosure care costs was \$185,059 (net of a State of California Integrated Waste Management Board Grant of \$1,114,500). This estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2008, as determined by the last engineering study performed. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may change due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The City has made a pledge of future user surcharge revenues for anticipated remaining expected costs, future inflation costs, and any additional costs (including debt service) that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example).

Long-term debt obligations of the City's business-type activities include the following:

2004 California Statewide Communities Development Authority Bonds. In 2003, the City entered into an agreement with the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) whereby CSCDA issued \$4,855,000 in revenue bonds to provide resources for the City to refund the outstanding 1993 COP's that were issued for the costs of various capital improvements to the City's water system. The bonds are an obligation of CSCDA and are payable solely from and secured by revenues that consist primarily of payments on an installment obligation of the City. For the purposes of this report, the City has reported its liability under the terms of the installment obligation as 2004 CSCDA Bonds. Annual interest accrues at varying rates between 2.00% and 5.25%. Interest became payable commencing April 1, 2004, and semi-annually thereafter each October 1st and April 1st. Principal is payable in annual installments that commenced October 1, 2004, and continue through the year 2023 in amounts ranging from \$190,000 through \$350,000.

1970 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series B. In 1987, the City issued \$585,000 in Sewer Revenue Bonds on behalf of the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City but are payable solely from revenues derived from taxes levied and collected on properties situated in the District. The bonds pay annual interest at varying rates between 12.0% and 4.80%. Interest on bonds became payable commencing April 1, 1988, and semi-annually thereafter each October 1st and April 1st. Principal is paid in annual installments commencing October 1, 1988, through the year 2007 in amounts ranging from \$15,000 through \$50,000. The final bond payment was made in fiscal year 2007/08.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F) Long-Term Debt (continued)

1998 Wastewater Revenue Bonds. In 1998, the City on behalf of the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District entered into an agreement with the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) whereby ABAG issued \$770,000 in revenue bonds to provide resources for the District to acquire and construct capital improvements to the District's wastewater system. The bonds are an obligation of ABAG and are payable solely from and secured by revenues that consist primarily of payments on an installment obligation of the City. For the purposes of this report, the City has reported its liability under the terms of the installment agreement as 1998 Wastewater Revenue Bonds. Annual interest accrues at varying rates between 3.75% and 5.30%. Interest became payable commencing October 1, 1998, and semi-annually thereafter each October 1st and April 1st. Principal is paid in annual installments commencing October 1, 1998, through the year 2019 in amounts ranging from \$25,000 through \$55,000.

Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan. In fiscal year 2005, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Department of Water Resources to finance the construction of a project to meet safe drinking water standards. The maximum amount of the loan can not exceed \$2,325,500, of which the City had borrowed \$2,141,532. At June 30, 2007, the balance of the loan payable was \$2,141,532. The terms of loan set the interest rate at 0.0%. Loan principal payments of \$58,138 are required semi-annually on January 1st and July 1st for twenty (20) years commencing January 1, 2007.

Debt service requirements to maturity for bonds and loans payable by the City are presented on the following schedule.

Year Ended	Revenu	e Bonds	State Loans		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014-2018 2019-2023	\$ 230,000 230,000 240,000 250,000 260,000 1,465,000 1,565,000	\$ 201,014 194,535 186,625 177,600 167,615 661,464 297,176	\$ 107,077 107,077 107,077 107,077 107,077 535,385 535,385	\$ -	
2024-2027	350,000	9,187	302,567		
	\$ 4,590,000	\$ 1,895,216	\$ 1,908,722	\$ -	

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due Within One Year		
Bonds Payable: 2004 Tax Allocation	\$ 4,550,000		\$ 70,000	\$ 4,480,000	\$ 70,000		
Total Bonds Payable	4,550,000	\$ -	70,000	4,480,000	70,000		
Less: 2004 discount 2004 deferred refunding	(95,586) (23,116)		(3,204) (775)	(92,382) (22,341)			
Net Bonds Payable	4,431,298		66,021	4,365,277	70,000		
Other Long-Term Liabilities: Capital leases Less:	1,600,814	84,229	140,404	1,544,639	154,174		
Lease deferred refunding loss	(85,797)		(6,642)	(79,155)			
Landfill closure and post-closure	232,491		47,432	185,059	42,106		
Compensated absences	278,245	50,948		329,193			
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	2,025,753	135,177	181,194	1,979,736	196,280		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 6,457,051	\$ 135,177	\$ 247,215	\$ 6,345,013	\$ 266,280		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G) Long-Term Debt (continued)

	Business-Type Activities												
	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due Within One Year								
Bonds Payable: 2004 CSCDA Revenue Bonds 1970 Sewer Revenue Bonds 1998 Wastewater Revenue Bonds	\$ 4,295,000 50,000 525,000		\$ 195,000 50,000 35,000	\$ 4,100,000 - 490,000	\$ 195,000 35,000								
Total Bonds Payable Add:	4,870,000	\$ -	280,000	4,590,000	230,000								
2004 original issue premium Less:	63,396		3,901	59,495	3,901								
2004 deferred refunding	(645,689)		(39,735)	(605,954)									
Net Bonds Payable	4,287,707	_	244,166	4,043,541	233,901								
Other Long-Term Liabilities: Capital leases Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan	1,081,186 2,034,456		99,162 125,733	982,024 1,908,723	103,956 107,077								
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	3,115,642		224,895	2,890,747	211,033								
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 7,403,349	\$ -	\$ 469,061	\$ 6,934,288	\$ 444,934								

H) Fund Equity

Fund balances reserved and unreserved/designated at June 30, 2008, were as follows:

	Enc	umbrances	Other	Total	De	esignated
Major governmental funds:						
General Fund	\$	46,376		\$ 46,376	\$	73,112
Redevelopment Agency Project Area		11,182		11,182		
Franklin Street Reconstruction		7,971		7,971		
Nonmajor special revenue funds:						
General Plan Maintenance Fee			\$ 150,972	150,972		
Oceanview Improvement			54,826	54,826		
Traffic Congestion Relief			55,956	55,956		
Coastal Conservancy Grant		100		100		
Coastal Trail CalTrans Grant		1,040		1,040		
Safe Routes To School Grant		104,565		104,565		
MCOG OWP Reserve Street Safety		91,231		91,231		
Clean Beaches Grant		21,493		21,493		
RDA Low & Moderate Housing			1,345,892	1,345,892		
Nonmajor debt service funds:						
2004 RDA Bonds Debt Service			313,595	313,595		
Nonmajor capital projects funds:						
Fire Equipment						152,542
Downtown Parking Lots Resurface						75,018
Bainbridge Park Improvements						2,822
Total	\$	283,958	\$ 1,921,241	\$ 2,205,199	\$	303,494

- The General Fund has reserved fund balances for encumbrances and petty cash.
- Special Revenues Funds have reserved portions of fund balance for noncurrent loans receivable, encumbrances, and restricted grant purposes.
- The Debt Services Funds have reserved fund balance for debt service.
- The Capital Projects Funds have designated fund balance for specific projects yet to be completed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

I) Segment Information

As discussed previously, the City has issued revenue bonds to finance improvements in its water and wastewater departments, and obtained a state loan to finance improvements in its water and wastewater systems. These departments were all determined to be major funds for financial reporting purposes and required segment information is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements.

4) Other Information

A) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City provides property, liability, and worker's compensation insurance through the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for several Northern California municipalities. The City pays quarterly and annual premiums to the REMIF for its general insurance coverage. The joint powers formation agreement of the REMIF provides that the REMIF will be self-sustaining through member premiums for liability insurance and will reinsure through commercial companies for other coverage.

REMIF is a risk sharing, self-funded pool which is a direct purchase program. The REMIF cost sharing pool provides coverage between the City's deductible and \$500,000 (liability program) and \$1,000,000 (workers' compensation program). Losses in excess of the REMIF cost sharing pool limits are covered by REMIF through the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority and commercial insurance policies. Losses limits are \$25,000,000 (liability), \$200,000,000 (property), \$20,000,000 (boiler and machinery), \$1,500,000 (auto), and \$3,000,000 (workers' compensation) – all per occurrence. Losses exceeding these limits are the responsibility the City.

The City's deductibles are \$5,000 for worker's compensation, liability, auto physical damage, boiler and machinery, and fidelity; \$10,000 for property losses; and \$25,000 or 5% of building value for earthquake and flood losses - all per occurrence. The annual premium paid to REMIF for the 2007/08 fiscal year was \$328,408. Claims paid by REMIF in favor of the City totaled \$145,273. Participating members of REMIF do not have a refundable deposit, and no dividends are paid. However, REMIF made a distribution of surplus funds from the liability program in which the City's share was \$38,756.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B) Related Organizations

The City is a member of various joint powers authorities that provide goods or services to the City and other authority members. Under the criteria established by GASB-14, the City does not have sufficient authority, influence, or accountability over these entities to incorporate them in this annual report. Additionally, the City has determined that it has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for any of these organizations as defined by GASB-14. The names and general functions of these joint powers are as follows:

Caspar Landfill – The City has a joint powers agreement with the County of Mendocino for post-closure maintenance of the Caspar Landfill and the operations of the Caspar Transfer Station. The City and the County equally share the cost for post-closure maintenance of the landfill. Operational costs of the transfer station are allocated based upon a pro-rata basis as defined in the agreement. For the 2007/08 fiscal year the City's share of costs under the terms of this agreement were actual 2006/07 of \$72,640 and estimated at \$72,640 for fiscal year 2007/08 as actual amounts had not been calculated at the time these financial statements were prepared.

Mendocino Solid Waste Management Authority – This Authority consists of three Mendocino County cities and the County of Mendocino. The Agency was created for the purpose of: (a) siting, licensing, developing, constructing, maintaining, and operating disposal sites and sanitary landfills and (b) preparing and implementing a solid waste management plan. A Commission comprised of one member from each city and two members that are appointed by the Mendocino County Board of Supervisors governs the Authority. The City makes annual contributions based on a pro-rata share of the Authority's combined population.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

4) Other Information (continued)

B) Related Organizations (continued)

Fort Bragg Fire Protection Authority – In March 2005, the City entered into a joint powers agreement with the Fort Bragg Rural Fire District (District) for the purpose of providing fire suppression, fire prevention, and emergency rescue services within territorial limits of the City and the District. The agreement supersedes a former joint powers agreement between the two entities that was established in 1990. The Fort Bragg Fire Protection Authority (Authority) is governed by a five member Board of Directors of which two are appointed by the City, two by the District, and one appointed jointly by the City and the District. Costs for services are shared by the City and District on a pro-rata basis determined by the average number of fire and emergency calls responded to within the City or District during the three previous 12-month periods of July 1st to June 30th. However, in no case will either entity's share drop below 40%. During the current fiscal year, the City paid \$349,675 under the terms of this agreement.

C) Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

D) Employee Retirement Systems

Plan Description:

The City has three (3) defined benefit pension plans; the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Fort Bragg (Miscellaneous Plan), the Safety Police Plan of the City Of Fort Bragg (Police Plan), and the Safety Fire Plan of the City if Fort Bragg (Fire Plan). Each plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plans are part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employees within the State of California. CalPERS requires plans with less than 100 active members must participate in a risk pool. As such, all three of the City's plans are required to participate in risk pools, with the Fire Plan being part of an Inactive Agency risk pool.

State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law establish a menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements. The City of Fort Bragg selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office - 400 P Street - Sacramento, CA 95814.

Funding Policy:

Active plan members in the Plans are required to contribute 7.0% (9.0% for Police employees) of their annual covered salary. The Fire Plan has no active members. The City is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal 2007/08 was 9.209% for miscellaneous employees, 23.566% for police, and -0-% for fire employees. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

D) Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Annual Pension Cost:

For fiscal year 2007/08 the City's annual pension cost was \$425,705 (\$197,269 for Miscellaneous, \$216,386 for Police, and \$12,050 for Fire) and the City actually contributed \$425,705. In addition, the City paid \$230,479 representing substantially all of the employees' required contributions under the terms of the City's various employee bargaining unit agreements. The annual required contribution for fiscal year 2007/08 was determined as part of the June 30, 2005, actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percent of pay. The actuarial assumptions include the following:

	Miscellaneous	Police	Fire
Investment rate of return	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%
Projected salary increases	3.25% - 14.45%	3.25% - 14.45%	3.25% - 14.45%
Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Payroll growth	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%

The actuarial value of the Plan's assets was determined using a three-year smoothed market technique that smoothes the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a two to five year period depending on the size of the investment gains and/or losses. Each Plan's unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls over a closed period that began on the Plan's date of entry into the CalPERS system. Subsequent Plan amendments are amortized over 20 years. If the Plan's accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of plan assets, then the amortization period on the total unfunded liability may not be lower than 30 years. As of June 30, 2005, the remaining average amortization period was 17 years for Miscellaneous, 15 years for Police, and 4 years for Fire.

	Three-Year Tre	nd Information	
	Combined		
Year Ending	Annual	Percentage	Net Pension
June 30,	Pension Cost	Contributed	Obligation
2006	398,909	100%	0
2006 2007	398,909 403,111	100% 100%	0 0

E) Other Post-Retirement Benefits

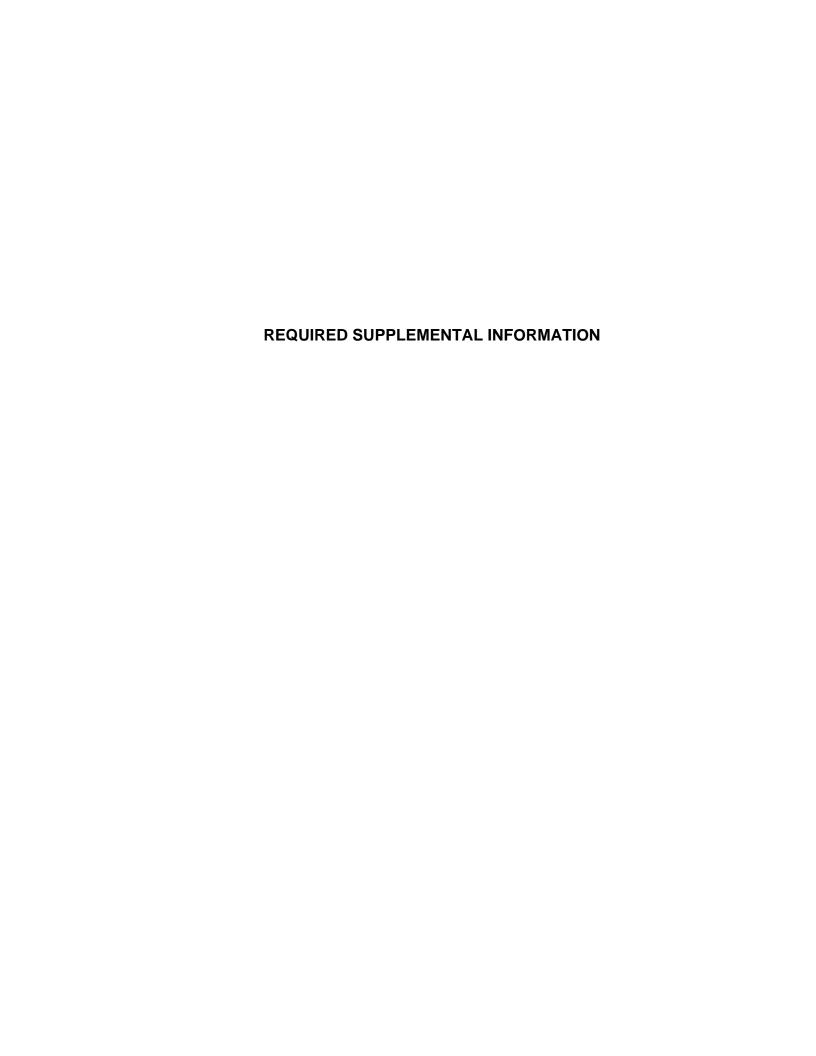
In addition to the pension benefits noted in Note 4(D), the City provides post-retirement health and dental care insurance benefits to employees with ten (10) or more year's consecutive service in accordance with City employee policies. Those employees electing a PERS retirement date with the City are eligible to receive post-retirement health and dental care insurance benefits. Currently 32 employees meet those eligibility requirements. The City reimburses 100% of the monthly health care premiums. Expenditures for these post-retirement benefits are recognized as monthly premiums are paid. During the 2007/08 fiscal year, expenditures of \$201,001 were recognized for the cost of these post-retirement benefits.

F) Deferred Compensation

The City of Fort Bragg offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, available to all City employees, permit employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plans is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City has adopted the provisions of GASB-32 and, therefore, the assets and liabilities of these plans have been excluded from the accompanying financial statements.

G) Interfund Advances

The City of Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency advanced \$42,692 to the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District No. 1 on May 29, 2007, for the Wastewater Treatment Plant-Headworks Screen Project. The term of the advance is five years with payments of interest due at 5% and principle due of \$2,135 to be paid each quarter. No repayments were made by the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District during the year ended June 30, 2008.



CITY OF FORT BRAGG REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	General Fund												
<u>REVENUES</u>	Budgete Original	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)										
Taxes	\$ 4,512,000	\$ 4,512,000	\$ 4,672,610	\$ 160,610									
Licenses and Permits	52,410	52,410	25,646	(26,764)									
Fines and Forfeitures	30,000	30,000	22,214	(7,786)									
Use of Money and Property	49,000	49,000	88,458	39,458									
Intergovernmental	75,100	175,100	186,153	11,053									
Current Services	101,600	275,600	267,584	(8,016)									
Other Revenues	444,373	410,992	540,648	129,656									
Total Revenues	5,264,483	5,505,102	5,803,313	298,211									
EXPENDITURES Current:													
General Government	1,511,252	1,685,790	1,558,654	127,136									
Public Safety	3,144,878	3,308,249	3,099,879	208,370									
Public Works	376,843	426,747	300,109	126,638									
Planning	371,832	395,612	297,069	98,543									
Debt Service:													
Principal Retirement		87,413	140,405	(52,992)									
Interest and Fiscal Charges	45,000	60,156	67,663	(7,507)									
Capital Outlay	123,550	209,321	201,788	7,533									
Total Expenditures	5,573,355	6,173,288	5,665,567	507,721									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
Over Expenditures	(308,872)	(668,186)	137,746	805,932									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Proceeds from Capital Lease			84,229	84,229									
Transfers In	191,500	158,038	999,382	841,344									
Transfers Out	(30,200)	(562,459)	(1,378,582)	(816,123)									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	161,300	(404,421)	(294,971)	109,450									
Net Change In Fund Balances	(147,572)	(1,072,607)	(157,225)	915,382									
Fund Balances, July 1	2,441,423	2,441,423	2,441,423										
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,293,851	\$ 1,368,816	\$ 2,284,198	\$ 915,382									

CITY OF FORT BRAGG REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PROJECT AREA MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Redevelopment Agency Project Area Fund Variance With Final Budget -**Budgeted Amounts** Positive Original **REVENUES** Final Actual (Negative) 24,000 24,000 1,134,373 1,110,373 Taxes Use of Money and Property 31,174 31,174 Other Revenues 10 10 **Total Revenues** 24,000 24,000 1,165,557 1,141,557 **EXPENDITURES** Current: Community Development 385,552 450,599 270,766 179,833 Shared Expenditures 824,950 824,950 29,122 795,828 Capital Outlay 82,534 45,291 37,243 **Total Expenditures** 1,210,502 1,358,083 345,179 1,012,904 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (1,186,502)(1,334,083)820,378 2,154,461 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 25,000 25,000 Transfers Out (315,025)(508,975)(772,691)263,716 (747,691)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (315,025)(483,975)263,716 Net Change In Fund Balances (1,501,527)(1,818,058)72,687 1,890,745 Fund Balances, July 1 848,403 848,403 848,403 Fund Balance, June 30 (653,124)(969,655)\$ 921,090 1,890,745

CITY OF FORT BRAGG REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY ADA CURBS AND GUTTERS

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	ADA Curbs and Gutters												
		Budgete	d Am		Fina	iance With al Budget - Positive							
<u>REVENUES</u>		Original		Final		Actual	(1)	legative)					
Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Current Services					\$	953,291 490	\$	953,291 490					
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	-		953,781		953,781					
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>													
Current:													
Capital Outlay				1,025,722		1,088,432		(62,710)					
Total Expenditures		_		1,025,722		1,088,432		(62,710)					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures				(1,025,722)		(134,651)		891,071					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers Out													
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-				-					
Net Change In Fund Balances		-		(1,025,722)	_	(134,651)	_	891,071					
Fund Balances, July 1		20,280		20,280		20,280							
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	20,280	\$	(1,005,442)	\$	(114,371)	\$	891,071					



	Total Specia Revent Fund	al I ue	2004 RDA Bonds Debt Service Fund			Total Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments With Fiscal Agent Receivables:	\$ 2,103	,565 \$	6	313,595	\$	856,949	\$ 2,960,514 313,595
Taxes Accounts		,314 ,681				3,017	54,331 517,681
Grants Interest Loans Receivable	23	,436 ,777 ,053				17,178 1,029	246,614 24,806 222,053
Total Assets	\$ 3,147	,826 \$	\$	313,595	\$	878,173	\$ 4,339,594
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Deferred Loan Revenue Due To Other Funds	222	,923 ,053 ,046			\$	14,241 17,154	\$ 53,164 222,053 170,200
Total Liabilities	414	,022 \$	6	-		31,395	445,417
Fund Balances: Reserved Unreserved:	1,826	,075		313,595			2,139,670
Designated Undesignated	907	,729				230,382 616,396	230,382 1,524,125
Total Fund Balances	2,733	,804		313,595		846,778	 3,894,177
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,147	,826 \$	S	313,595	\$	878,173	\$ 4,339,594

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>REVENUES</u>	Total Special Revenue Funds	2004 RDA Bonds Debt Service Fund	Total Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Taxes: Property Sales Other Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 283,594 819,868 64,819 28,599 163,728 137,497 1,120,356 10,788	\$ 14,977	\$ 43,658 12,113 17,116	\$ 283,594 819,868 108,477 28,599 163,728 164,587 1,137,472 10,788
Total Revenues	2,629,249	14,977	72,887	2,717,113
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Public Works Community Development Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Capital Outlay	73,922 487,788 296,677 166,500	70,000 242,205	484 70,272	74,406 487,788 296,677 70,000 242,205 236,772
Total Expenditures	1,024,887	312,205	70,756	1,407,848
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,604,362	(297,228)	2,131	1,309,265
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	1,355,858 (2,030,127)	562,142	770,085 (387,938)	2,688,085 (2,418,065)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(674,269)	562,142	382,147	270,020
Net Change In Fund Balances	930,093	264,914	384,278	1,579,285
Fund Balances, July 1	1,803,711	48,681	462,500	2,314,892
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 2,733,804	\$ 313,595	\$ 846,778	\$ 3,894,177

	neral Plan intenance Fee	eanview rovement	Co	Traffic ongestion Relief	Gasoline Taxes		Asset Seizure	Traffic Safety		DAG atyard	Draii	itality/ nage BG ant	TDA Stre and Roa Allocatio	ds
<u>ASSETS</u>														
Cash and Investments Receivables: Taxes	\$ 149,880	\$ 54,449	\$	55,956	\$	26,334	\$ 144,447	\$ 1,800						
Accounts						52,925	50,000	14,756						
Grants Interest Loans Receivable	 1,092	377				314	1,145							
Total Assets	\$ 150,972	\$ 54,826	\$	55,956	\$	79,573	\$ 195,592	\$ 16,556	\$	-	\$		\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Deferred Loans Revenue Due To Other Funds	 				\$	7,832	\$ 2,226	\$ 1,800						
Total Liabilities	\$ _	\$ 	\$	-		7,832	2,226	1,800	\$		\$	-	\$	
Fund Balances: Reserved Unreserved	150,972	54,826		55,956		71,741	 193,366	14,756	1					
Total Fund Balances	150,972	54,826		55,956		71,741	193,366	14,756						
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 150,972	\$ 54,826	\$	55,956	\$	79,573	\$ 195,592	\$ 16,556	\$		\$	-	\$	

	MCOG OWP Reserve Street Safety	Special Sales Tax Street		Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant		CDBG Downtown Plan Grant		CDBG Plan and Technology Grant		Coastal Conservancy Grant		Conservancy		COPS AB 1913 Allocation		MCOG Streets Allocation		DA/ HDC/ P&F TBG
<u>ASSETS</u>																		
Cash and Investments Receivables:		\$ 23,02	9 \$	243	\$	12,084	\$	1,344					\$	46,754				
Taxes		33,52	25															
Accounts Grants									\$	4,163								
Interest Loans Receivable		10,01	5											324				
Total Assets	\$ -	\$ 66,56	9 \$	243	\$	12,084	\$	1,344	\$	4,163	\$	-	\$	47,078	\$			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																		
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Deferred Loans Revenue																		
Due To Other Funds									\$	38,119								
Total Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-		38,119	\$	-	\$	-	\$			
Fund Balances: Reserved Unreserved	91,231 (91,231)	66,56	69	243_		12,084		1,344		100 (34,056)				47,078				
Total Fund Balances		66,56	69	243		12,084		1,344		(33,956)				47,078				
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ 66,56	9 \$	243	\$	12,084	\$	1,344	\$	4,163	\$		\$	47,078	\$			

	e Routes To School	CDBG Program Income	Micro- nterprise EDBG	erprise Food Ban		RDA Low and Moderate Housing		Low and Moderate		Low and Moderate		Low and Moderate		Low and Moderate		Skate Park Project		Park		Wastewater Master Plan/ Noyo Center PTAA	Reh	lousing abilitation STBG Grant	Clean Beaches Grant
<u>ASSETS</u>																							
Cash and Investments Receivables:		\$ 201,120				\$	1,318,982	\$	55		\$	66,846	\$ 242										
Taxes							17,789																
Accounts Grants Interest Loans Receivable	\$ 27,268	1,389 222,053	\$ 56,247				9,121						104,432										
Total Assets	\$ 27,268	\$ 424,562	\$ 56,247	\$	-	\$	1,345,892	\$	55	\$ -	\$	66,846	\$ 104,674										
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																							
Liabilities:																							
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Deferred Loans Revenue	\$ 35	\$ 222,053	\$ 22,618					\$	166				\$ 1,296										
Due To Other Funds	25,529	 	7,221										 56,722										
Total Liabilities	25,564	222,053	29,839	\$		\$			166	\$ -	\$		 58,018										
Fund Balances: Reserved Unreserved	104,565 (102,861)	202,509	26,408				1,345,892		(111)			66,846	 21,493 25,163										
Total Fund Balances	1,704	202,509	 26,408		_		1,345,892		(111)			66,846	 46,656										
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 27,268	\$ 424,562	\$ 56,247	\$	-	\$	1,345,892	\$	55	\$ -	\$	66,846	\$ 104,674										

	Air Quality MD Grants		G Al	CDBG General Allocation Grants		Coastal Trail CalTrans Grant		CDBG Economic Development Allocation		Proposition 1B Street Fund		aspar Iosure	Totals 2008
<u>ASSETS</u>													
Cash and Investments Receivables: Taxes Accounts Grants Interest Loans Receivable	\$	9,955	\$	16,981			\$	10,390	\$	400,000			\$ 2,103,565 51,314 517,681 229,436 23,777 222,053
Total Assets	\$	9,955	\$	16,981	\$	-	\$	10,390	\$	400,000	\$		\$ 3,147,826
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Deferred Loans Revenue Due To Other Funds			\$	16,980	\$	813	\$	2,950 7,662					\$ 38,923 222,053 153,046
Total Liabilities	\$	_		16,980		813		10,612	\$	-	\$	-	414,022
Fund Balances: Reserved Unreserved Total Fund Balances		9,955 9,955		1		1,040 (1,853) (813)		(222)		400,000 400,000			 1,826,075 907,729 2,733,804
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	9,955	\$	16,981	\$	-	\$	10,390	\$	400,000	\$		\$ 3,147,826

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>REVENUES</u>	General Plan Maintenance Fee	Oceanview Improvement	Traffic Congestion Relief	Gasoline Taxes	Asset Seizure			Hospitality/ Drainage STBG Grant	TDA Streets and Roads Allocation
Taxes: Property Sales Other Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Charges for Services Other Revenue	\$ 28,599 5,733	\$ 2,053		\$ 2,523 2,631 134,765 9,963	\$ 143,254 5,704	\$ 20,474	\$ 5,825		\$ 8
Total Revenues	34,332	2,053	\$ -	149,882	148,958	20,474	5,825	\$ -	8
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Public Works Community Development Capital Outlay				412,612	70,851	59,963			
Total Expenditures				412,612	70,851	59,963			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	34,332	2,053		(262,730)	78,107	(39,489)	5,825		8_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	(16,874)		3,375	233,350	(15,500)	225,567	(279,182)	(89,766)	(384)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,874)		3,375	233,350	(15,500)	225,567	(279,182)	(89,766)	(384)
Net Change In Fund Balances	17,458	2,053	3,375	(29,380)	62,607	186,078	(273,357)	(89,766)	(376)
Fund Balances, July 1	133,514	52,773	52,581	101,121	130,759	(171,322)	273,357	89,766	376
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 150,972	\$ 54,826	\$ 55,956	\$ 71,741	\$ 193,366	\$ 14,756	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>REVENUES</u> Taxes:	MCOG OWP Reserve Street Safety	Special Sales Tax Street	Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant	CDBG Downtown Plan Grant	CDBG Plan and Technology Grant	Coastal Conservancy Grant	COPS AB 1913 Allocation	MCOG Streets Allocation	ADA/ RCHDC/ P&F STBG
Property Sales Other Licenses and Permits		\$ 819,868							
Fines and Forfeitures Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Charges for Services Other Revenue	\$ 15,193	18,059	\$ 48 405			\$ 4,163	\$ 750 100,000	\$ 324 (193)	
Total Revenues	15,193	837,927	453	\$ -	\$ -	4,163	100,750	131	\$ -
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Public Works Community Development Capital Outlay	15,213		3,071	53,876	1	2,767 3,889			
Total Expenditures	15,213		3,071	53,876	1	6,656			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(20)	837,927	(2,618)	(53,876)	(1)	(2,493)	100,750	131_	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	160,020	402,267 (1,144,526)		279,182			(140,245)		(115,537)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	160,020	(742,259)		279,182			(140,245)		(115,537)
Net Change In Fund Balances	160,000	95,668	(2,618)	225,306	(1)	(2,493)	(39,495)	131	(115,537)
Fund Balances, July 1	(160,000)	(29,099)	2,861	(213,222)	1,345	(31,463)	39,495	46,947	115,537
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ -	\$ 66,569	\$ 243	\$ 12,084	\$ 1,344	\$ (33,956)	\$ -	\$ 47,078	\$ -

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>REVENUES</u>	Safe Routes To School	CDBG Program Income	Micro- Enterprise EDBG	Habitat For Humanity/ Food Bank CDBG	RDA Low and Moderate Housing	Skate Park Project	Wastewater Master Plan/ Noyo Center PTAA	Housing Rehabilitation STBG Grant	Clean Beaches Grant
Taxes: Property Sales Other Licenses and Permits				\$ 62,296	\$ 283,594				
Fines and Forfeitures Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 27,268 825	\$ 51,336	\$ 142,872		45,023	\$ 3		\$ 94,637	\$ 154,289
Total Revenues	28,093	51,336	142,872	\$62,296	328,617	3	\$ -	94,637	154,289
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Public Works Community Development Capital Outlay	241 1,102	10	131,674		82,030	247		60,412	107,633
Total Expenditures	1,343	10	131,674		82,030	247		60,412	107,633
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	26,750	51,326	11,198	62,296	246,587	(244)		34,225	46,656
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		2,278	(11,196)	49,819 (47,801)			(78)	(9,189)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,278	(11,196)	2,018			(78)	(9,189)	
Net Change In Fund Balances	26,750	53,604	2	64,314	246,587	(244)	(78)	25,036	46,656
Fund Balances, July 1	(25,046)	148,905	26,406	(64,314)	1,099,305	133	78	41,810	
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 1,704	\$ 202,509	\$ 26,408	\$ -	\$ 1,345,892	\$ (111)	\$ -	\$ 66,846	\$ 46,656

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>REVENUES</u>	Quality MD Grants	A	CDBG General Ilocation Grants	C	Coastal Trail alTrans Grant	Ec Dev	CDBG conomic relopment location	P	roposition 1B Street Fund	Caspar Closure	Totals 2008
Taxes: Property Sales Other Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 9,955	\$	21,978	\$	3,592	\$	11,432	\$	400,000		\$ 283,594 819,868 64,819 28,599 163,728 137,497 1,120,356 10,788
Total Revenues	 9,955		21,978		3,592		11,432		400,000	\$ <u>-</u>	2,629,249
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Public Works Community Development Capital Outlay			6,055		4,405		8,835				73,922 487,788 296,677 166,500
Total Expenditures	 _		6,055		4,405		8,835			 	1,024,887
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 9,955		15,923		(813)		2,597		400,000		 1,604,362
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out			(15,922)				(2,819)			(141,108)	1,355,858 (2,030,127)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(15,922)		-		(2,819)			(141,108)	 (674,269)
Net Change In Fund Balances	 9,955		1_		(813)		(222)		400,000	(141,108)	930,093
Fund Balances, July 1	_				_					141,108	1,803,711
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 9,955	\$	11_	\$	(813)	\$	(222)	\$	400,000	\$ 	\$ 2,733,804

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS.	Ec	Fire juipment	Р	2004 RDA Bond roceeds	S	rel/Main Signal nstall	Par	owntown king Lots esurface	 sthouse inklers	ement kings	Bainb Teni Baske Coi	nis/ etball	General Capital Projects	Ca	DA pital jects
Cash and Investments Receivables: Taxes Grants Interest	\$	148,496 3,017 1,029	\$	42,581			\$	75,018					\$ 590,854		
Total Assets	\$	152,542	\$	42,581	\$	-	\$	75,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 590,854	\$	-
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:															
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Due To Other Funds													\$ 14,241		
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-	14,241	\$	-
Fund Balances: Unreserved: Designated Undesignated		152,542		42,581				75,018					576,613		
Total Fund Balances		152,542		42,581		-		75,018	-	-		-	576,613		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	152,542	\$	42,581	\$	-	\$	75,018	\$ -	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 590,854	\$	-

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS	Bainbridge Bike and Pedestrian Path	Bainbridge Park Improvements	City Hall Maintenance and Rehabilitation	Totals 2008
Cash and Investments				\$ 856,949
Receivables: Taxes				2.047
Grants		\$ 17,178		3,017 17,178
Interest		Ψ 17,170		1,029
Total Assets	\$ -	\$ 17,178	\$ -	\$ 878,173
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued				
Liabilities				\$ 14,241
Due To Other Funds		\$ 17,154		17,154
Total Liabilities	\$ -	17,154	\$ -	31,395
Fund Balances: Unreserved:				
Designated		2,822		230,382
Undesignated		(2,798)		616,396
Total Fund Balances		24		846,778
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ 17,178	\$ -	\$ 878,173

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>REVENUES</u>	Eq	Fire uipment	Р	2004 RDA Bond roceeds	5	rel/Main Signal nstall	Parl	wntown king Lots surface	-	esthouse prinklers	 vement irkings	Te Basl	bridge nnis/ ketball ourt	General Capital Projects	RDA Capital rojects
Taxes: Other Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental	\$	43,658 4,628 (62)	\$	2,728	\$	218	\$	442	\$	4,027	\$ 70				
Total Revenues		48,224		2,728		218		442		4,027	70	\$	-	\$ -	\$
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Capital Outlay		484												53,094	
Total Expenditures		484		-		_		-		-	 -		-	53,094	 -
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		47,740		2,728		218		442		4,027	70			(53,094)	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out				63,558 (155,000)		(10,448)		58,000 (23,600)		(192,957)	 (3,375)		(337)	629,707	 16,599
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		(91,442)		(10,448)		34,400		(192,957)	(3,375)		(337)	629,707	 16,599
Net Change In Fund Balances		47,740		(88,714)		(10,230)		34,842		(188,930)	(3,305)		(337)	576,613	16,599
Fund Balances, July 1		104,802		131,295		10,230		40,176		188,930	3,305		337		(16,599)
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	152,542	\$	42,581	\$	-	\$	75,018	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 576,613	\$ -

CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>REVENUES</u>	Bi Ped	nbridge ke and destrian Path	inbridge Park ovements	Mair	ty Hall ntenance and ibilitation	Totals 2008
Taxes: Other Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental			\$ 17,178			\$ 43,658 12,113 17,116
Total Revenues	\$	-	17,178	\$		72,887
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Capital Outlay			17,178			484 70,272
Total Expenditures		-	17,178		-	70,756
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures			-			2,131
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		406	(2,221)		1,815	770,085 (387,938)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		406	 (2,221)		1,815	382,147
Net Change In Fund Balances		406	(2,221)		1,815	384,278
Fund Balances, July 1		(406)	 2,245		(1,815)	 462,500
Fund Balances, June 30	\$		\$ 24	\$		\$ 846,778



CITY OF FORT BRAGG SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	-	Federal penditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed Through State Department of			
Housing and Community Development:			
Community Development Block Grants:			
05-EDBG-1962	14.228	\$	142,869
06-EDBG-2608	14.228		11,432
05-STBG-1521	14.228		69,601
06-STBG-2785	14.228		21,958
Total U.S. Department of Housing and			
Urban Development			245,860
U.S. Department of Justice			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program:			
06135751	16.607		1,395
Total U.S. Department of Justice			1,395
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through State Department of Transportation:			
Highway Planning and Construction			
Project No. RPSTPLE 5088(012)	20.205		300,116
Coastal Trail CalTrans			
001-5088R #004-N	20.205		3,592
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			303,708
Total Federal Expenditures		\$	550,963

CITY OF FORT BRAGG NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND OTHER AWARDS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE A SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the City of Fort Bragg's federal and other award programs and has been prepared on an accounting basis consistent with the governmental fund financial statements of the City of Fort Bragg. Therefore, all of the grants presented on the accompanying schedule have been accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting as described in Note 1(c) of the City of Fort Bragg's Notes to Financial Statements.



Davis W. Hammon, Jr., CPA (1924-1989)

Stephen B. Norman, CPA • PFS Stephen J. Herr, CPA Kerry A. Webber, CPA James L. Duckett, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Fort Bragg Fort Bragg, CA 95437

We have audited the basic financial statements of the of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Fort Bragg, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2009, which was qualified because the City has not maintained historical cost records of its capital assets as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Fort Bragg's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements, but not to provide assurance on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Fort Bragg's internal control over financial reporting.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City of Fort Bragg in a separate letter dated January 21, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, and the Office of the Controller of the State of California and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Davis Hammon & Co.

January 21, 2009

Davis W. Hammon, Jr., CPA (1924-1989)

Stephen B. Norman, CPA • PFS Stephen J. Herr, CPA Kerry A. Webber, CPA James L. Duckett, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Fort Bragg Fort Bragg, CA 95437

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Fort Bragg, California, with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2008. The City of Fort Bragg's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the City of Fort Bragg's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Fort Bragg's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Fort Bragg complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of City of Fort Bragg is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Fort Bragg's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Fort Bragg's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.



Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, and the Office of the Controller of the State of California and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Davis Hammon & Co.

January 21, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2008

A) Summary of Audit Results

- The auditors' report expresses a qualified opinion on the basic financial statements because the City has not maintained historical cost records of its capital assets as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 2) No control deficiencies were disclosed related to the audit of the basic financial statements of the City of Fort Bragg.
- 3) No instances of noncompliance material to the basic financial statements of the City of Fort Bragg were disclosed during the audit.
- 4) No control deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of major federal award programs.
- 5) The auditors' report on compliance for major federal award programs for the City of Fort Bragg expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6) No instances of noncompliance material to major federal award programs of the City of Fort Bragg were disclosed during the audit.
- 7) The programs tested as major programs included:
 - U.S. Department of Transportation
 Highway Planning and Construction Project
 CFDA: 20.205
- 8) The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9) The City of Fort Bragg was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B) Findings - Financial Statement Audit

No control deficiencies were noted during the current audit period. There were no findings outstanding from prior year audits.

C) Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs

No findings or questioned costs noted. There were no findings or questioned costs outstanding from prior year audits.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2008

No findings or questioned costs noted in prior year audit.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES APPLIED TO APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT WORKSHEETS

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Fort Bragg Fort Bragg, California 95437

We have applied the procedures enumerated below to the Appropriations Limit calculations of the City of Fort Bragg for the year ended June 30, 2008. These procedures, which were agreed to by the City of Fort Bragg and the League of California Cities (as presented in the League publication entitled *Article XIIIB Appropriations Limitation Uniform Guidelines*) were performed solely to assist the City in meeting the requirements of Section 1.5 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.

This engagement to apply agreed-upon procedures was performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of the procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of the report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures performed and our findings were as follows:

We obtained the City's completed alternate computation Appropriations Limit worksheets, and compared the limit and annual adjustment factors included in those worksheets to the limit and annual adjustment factors that were adopted by resolution of the City Council. We also compared the population and inflation options included in the aforementioned worksheets to those that were selected by a recorded vote of the City Council.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

 Using the City's alternate computational worksheet, we added last year's limit to the total current year limit adjustments, as computed, for this year, and compared the results to this year's limit.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

3) We compared the prior year appropriations limit presented in the alternate computational worksheets to the prior year appropriations limit adopted by the City Council for the prior year.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

We were not engaged to, and did not perform an audit, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on the Appropriations Limit alternate computational worksheets. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you. No procedures have been performed with respect to the determination of the appropriation limit for the base year, as defined by the League publication *Article XIIIB Appropriations Limitation Uniform Guidelines*.

This report is intended solely for the use of the City of Fort Bragg and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Davis Hammon & Co.

January 21, 2009